

**BLE LAND**  
S A L E,  
from Georgetown and A-  
ries, and within two miles  
ittle River Turnpike Road,  
and Twenty Hundred acres,  
of Bull and Little Rockey  
es of Fairfax and Prince  
ility of this land is excel-  
er especially, would be  
lument, from the quantity  
which there is not less than  
ready, from the strength  
ed in Timothy. This land  
the most constant in that  
There are about 800 ac-  
timbered. The impro-  
ing house newly fitted up  
oms below stairs, with a  
convenient closets, three  
stairs, an excellent cel-  
house, meat house and  
the overseer's house, one  
other necessary houses  
00 acres in addition, for  
am county, on Bull Run  
a Occquan. This land  
miles from the Occquan  
y one third in woods—its  
in its immediate neigh.

to purchase may be sup-  
named tract with a large  
sheep, hogs, farming  
rivers willing to emigrate  
pose of the above men-  
the most reasonable terms.  
tacting the property may  
to the honorable Judge  
nt Vernon, H. S. Tur-  
erson county, or in the  
criber to Bernard Hooe,  
the premises:

T. Blackburn.  
Dumfries,

22<sup>nd</sup>

**RENT,**  
ck Dwelling House, at  
ton and Prince streets,  
y Mr. Thomas Jacob—  
S O,  
they will be let together  
ession will be given on  
ext. For terms ap-  
et.

mund Denney.

co

**DOLLARS**  
state of Virginia; Six-  
One Hundred if in the  
nia, and secured in any  
hem again—

b and Jim.  
ell made fellow, about  
rather of a tawny com-  
of natural bumps on  
yes, which when spo-  
plain, is about 5 feet &  
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hirt and trowsers, dark  
and an old lead colored  
ng fellow.

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has on one of his knees

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look when spoken to.

his clothing not known

en or eight inches high.

pprehending either of

enty dollars if taken in

in Maryland, and fifty

all reasonable charges

Dogon,

an Chapman.

nty, near

Oct. 12. 2awgwt

essels and others are

ring or carrying them

S TON,

STREET,

opening an assortment

UT GLASS,

ng of—

half pint decanters;

and cut half pint tum-

wine glasses; cut and

es, and a variety of o-

ne printed table sets;

the lamps; handsome

roof glasses; also in

stone jars of all si-

es, and pitchers.

WARE;

mothy seed; red clo-

ass; peruvian grass;

and treble F gun;

will be sold low for

Meticles to be had.

A. FAW.

VOL IX.]

# Alexandria DAILY Gazette,

Commercial & Political.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4, 1809.

2630.

## Sale at Vendue.

Every Tuesday and Friday,  
WILL BE SOLD

At the Vendue Store, corner of Prince and

Water streets.

A Variety of Dry Goods, Groceries, &c.

Particulars of which will be expressed in

the bills of the day—All kinds of goods

which are on limitation and the prices of

which are established, can at any time be

viewed and purchased at the lowest limitation

and prices.

P. G. Marsteller, v. m.

## THE INTRIGUES

OF  
The Queen of Spain

WITH THE

Prince of Peace and others.

Written by a Spanish Nobleman and Pa-  
not, who alone can be acquainted with the

particulars and amours of the above personages.

for sale by

Cottom & Stewart.

August 11.

## FINE PASTURE.

WE will be ready in about ten days to fur-  
ish butchers and others, Pasturage on our  
island, for any number of cattle not exceeding

100.

Philip Alexander,

John Luke.

July 29.

## FRESH FRUIT.

The subscriber has just received and offers for  
sal—

Malaga Raifins in kegs,

Muscatal and Bloom Raifins

in boxes.

ALSO,

36 bags and 12 barrels Coffee.

James Patton.

April 19.

TO HIRE,

By the month or year,

A Negro Man, a sailor.—He will be hired

low if taken by the year.

Enquire of the Printer.

July 29.

FOR SALE,

50 hogsheads SUGAR,

150 bags COFFEE,

10 hogsheads Antigua RUM,

40 bales best COTTON.

Joseph Riddle.

July 10.

TO RENT,

A convenient and well finished BRICK

HOUSE, at the head of King-street and near

to good water. Apply to

James Sanderson.

August 30.

NEW ALMANAC.

COTTOM & STEWART,

HAVE JUST PUBLISHED THEIR

ALMANAC,

For 1810.

Containing, besides the astronomical calcula-

tions, a variety of useful and entertaining mat-

ter.

ALSO,

GERMAN ALMANACS,

For 1810.

For saleb the Gross, Dozen, or single

one.

October

Twenty Dollars Reward.

STRAYED or STOLEN from the com-

mons of the town of Alexandria, on the 26th

of October last, a DARK BAY HORSE,

about six years old, fifteen hands high black

bushy mane, short tail, off hind foot white,

a small white saddle spot on the off side on

his back—he is a remarkable close made

horse, shod all round and in high order—if

strayed, and taken up within five miles of

town and brought home, I will pay Three

Dollars; if ten miles Five Dollars; and, if

stolen and the thief convicted, I will pay the

above reward.

A. FAW.

November 2.

## Choice Imperial Tea.

THE subscriber has just received a supply  
of uncommon good IMPERIAL TEA—such

as he can recommend to his customers.

Thomas Patten.

October 21.

## JUST RECEIVED,

AND FOR SALE BY R. GRAY,

One elegant London made Patent PIANO  
FORTE, with additional Keys to C and Pe-  
dal.

One plain do. with additional Keys and Pe-  
dal.

## ON HAND,

One plain home-made do. a little used.

August 9.

## ROSE HILL FOR SALE.

This healthy, beautiful, and well improved  
SEAT is now offered for sale.

It contains 400 acres, 150 of which are in  
wood. Noland is better adapted to the use of  
Plaster of Paris, and there is some very valuable

meadow land upon it.

For terms apply to W. H. Footz, esq. upon  
the premises, or to the subscriber in Charles  
county, Maryland.

Benjamin Dulany, jun.

September 14.

## John G. Ladd,

Has just received and offers for sale,  
30 chests Imperial and Young

Hyson Teas, the ship Arthur's cargo im-  
ported in June last.

## ALSO,

2 pipes & half pipes choice

old Port Wine.

10 boxes Indies' Morocco Shoes,

200 casks fresh Stone Lime.

August 22.

## A GREAT BARGAIN.

THE subscriber wishing to remove to the  
western country, will sell the FARM on

which he resides in Fairfax county, 11 miles  
from Alexandria, 9 from George Town fer-  
ry, and about the same distance across the

bridge crossing to the city of Washington—in  
a healthy, agreeable neighborhood, contain-

ing about 470 acres, on which is a conven-  
ient dwelling house, large enough for a ges-  
tate family, together with all the outhouses

suitable, all new or nearly so; an orchard of  
apple trees of selected fruit, together with  
different other fruit trees, a proportion of im-

proved meadow for the scythe, and a large  
portion more may easily be made. Any per-  
son inclined to purchase may know the terms

by application to Mr. JOHN DULIN, adjoining

the said farm, or the subscriber on the pre-

misses.

E. Dulin.

dft

E. L. E. W. I. S.,

HAS JUST RECEIVED, A HANDSOME ASSORT-  
MENT OF

Fashionable Velvet Bonnets,

and Velvets of various colors; Turbans and

</div

Alexandria Daily Gazette,  
COMMERCIAL AND POLITICAL.

PRINTED AND PUBLISHED BY  
SAMUEL SNOWDEN,  
Royal-street, Alexandria.

Daily Gazette, 6 per Dollars annum.  
Country Gazette, 5 Dollars.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4.

A SONG.

Oh! think not my spirits are always as  
light.  
BY THOMAS MOORE, ESQ.  
[From a selection of Irish Melodies, lately  
published.]

Oh! think not my spirits are always so light,  
And free from a pang, as they seem to you  
now;  
Nor expect that the heart-beaming smile of  
to night,  
Will return with to-morrow to brighten my  
brow.

No, life is a waste of wearisome hours,  
Which seldom the rose of enjoyment adorns;  
And the heart that is soonest awake to the  
flowers,

and I care not how soon I may sink to re-  
pose,  
When these blessings shall cease to be dear  
to my mind!

But they who have lov'd the fondest, the pur-  
est,  
Too often have wept o'er the dream they  
believe'd:  
And the heart that has slumber'd in friend-  
ship securest,  
Is happy indeed if 'twas never deceived.  
But send round the bowl, while a relick of  
truth  
Is in man, or in woman, this prayer shall  
be mine,  
That the sunshine of life may illumine our  
youth,  
And the morn'g of friendship console  
our decline.

NEW-YORK, October 30.

FROM DUTCH PAPERS.

The papers received by the Susan contain nothing particularly interesting. We have translated the following articles for the Mercantile Advertiser from Leyden Gazette to the 5th of Sept. with which a commercial friend has obligingly favored us.

AMSTERDAM, Aug. 30.  
Marshal De Winter before retiring, by the king's orders, from the command of the Helder and the Zuyder-Zee, had been replaced in that of the flotilla and the naval forces on the Meuse and in the waters of Zealand by marshal Verheuil, his majesty's ambassador at Paris, who for that purpose immediately quitted his diplomatic functions. The new commandant hoisted his flag on the 27th inst. on board the Royal Hollander, before Williamstadt.

PRAGUE, Aug. 15.  
Nothing has yet occurred which would enable us to decide touching peace or war. Negotiations for peace, it is true, are carrying on with the greatest activity; but in the mean time preparations are making on both sides, with increased energy, for the renewal of hostilities. The Austrians recruit incessantly, since the conclusion of the armistice, in those provinces which are not occupied by the French army. Gen. Ducas has been named by the emperor quarter-master general of the staff; meanwhile he occupies the same post which the baron de Wimpffen had occupied near the archduke Charles. He conducts under the immediate direction of the monarch, all the military operations; and has been for several weeks at the head quarters of the emperor at Comron. The archduke Ferdinand is with his corps of the army in Bohemia and Moravia; his head quarters are at Olmutz.

Amongst the points which are to serve for the basis of a treaty of peace, it is in agi-

tation, they say, to transfer the kingdom of Bohemia to the grand duke of Salzburg, eldest brother to the emperor of Austria. The armistice has been prolonged 18 days.

PARIS, Aug. 31.

By an imperial decree, dated at Schlesbrun, 15th Aug. his majesty has ordered, that to give a durable evidence of the satisfaction with which he has seen and approved the conduct of the grand army, and of the French nation in general, during the campaigns of Jena and of the Vistula, there shall be raised on the platform of the Pont Neuf an obelisk of 180 feet in height, of the granite of Cherbourg, with this inscription "The Emperor Napoleon to the French people." The front of this monument which shall be finished by the year 1814, shall represent those acts of the army which during these two campaigns have rendered France illustrious.

BY THE LAST MAIL.

BALTIMORE, November 2.

Arrived sch'r. Financier, Sloat from N. Orleans. Off Matanzas, saw a fleet of 274's, 2 frigates, 1 brig and schooner beating up to windward, gave us chase, but did not come up. 29th ult. off Hatteras, spoke brig Two Friends, from Boston for Savannah. Came into the capes on Monday; passed in the bay, brig Madeira, ship Rebecca, from W. Indies and pilot built schr.

LATEST FROM SPAIN.

Brig Mary Ann at New York, left Málaga on the 25th; the Resolution, at Philadelphia, left there the 26th day of September; neither of which arrivals give any account of French troops "pouring into Spain."

The Rowulus at New York, spoke a ship which left Tarragona, (on the Mediterranean) 220 miles E. by N. from Madrid) on the 15th Sept., at which time they said the combined Spanish and British army were marching for Madrid.

LATEST FROM ENGLAND.

By the arrivals at this port, and at New York, we have very late details from Europe. There had been no new ministry formed in England, since the resignation of Castlereagh and Canning: Lord Grenville would not some in without a radical change. Peace between Austria and France and Russia is very uncertain.

LIVERPOOL, Sept. 28.  
Duel between lord Castlereagh and Mr. Canning.

There was a meeting at Putney heath on Thursday morning between lord Castlereagh and Mr. Canning. Lord Yarmouth accompanied the former to the field; Mr. Ellis the latter. After taking their ground they fired by signal, and missed; and no explanation taking place, they fired a second time, when the ball from lord Castlereagh's pistol went through Mr. Canning's thigh on the outer side of the bone, without doing any further injury than passing thro' the flesh. Thus the affair terminated. Mr. Canning's wound is not considered as dangerous.

The cause of this extraordinary affair is said to have originated in some official misunderstanding. The challenge was given by lord Castlereagh. Mr. Canning, we are happy to learn is considered out of all danger.

LONDON, Sept. 8.  
It is reported that his Sicilian majesty will have a monarchy assigned him in New Spain, under the protection of this country, in case all attempts to restore Ferdinand to liberty and to his nation should fail. The reason circulated for this intended establishment is, that he is the next heir of the crown of Spain at present in the enjoyment of personal liberty, and one more likely to be well received by the trans-Atlantic Spaniards, than any other personage in Europe.

TURKS & RUSSIANS.  
An article by the Göttingen mail, which arrived on Saturday states, that the Russians having made a desperate attack upon the fortress of Ismaïl, were defeated by the Turks, with the loss of 3,400 men killed, including several generals, with 17 pieces of cannon. It is added, that the Russians have also been [defeated] in several actions, and that the heads of 500 of the principal of them have been sent to Constantinople.

September 13.  
We have been informed, that vessels sail from France with English licences, under any colors except French or Dutch—These are easily forged. All men of war have not got the list from government of what are granted, and suppose the French merchant sends half a dozen with the same, except the same man of war meets with two of

them, the forgery is not detected, and they pass safely. They bring nothing but French produce, brandies, &c.

German papers to the 21st inst. have been received; but they bring no intelligence as to the negotiations. A private letter from Vienna, of the same date, (Sept. 2) mentions that the preparations for war which ceased on the conclusion of the armistice had suddenly been resumed in that capital with greater activity than before. The length to which the negotiations have been drawn out is stated by former accounts to have been occasioned as well by the jealousies of Russia as the firmness of the emp. Francis. The claims of Napoleon to Austrian Galicia are said to be displeasing to the autocrat of Russia. Advices have been received by the duke of Brunswick that the Prussian troops have recently been ordered into encampments; but the object of this movement is not obvious. The brave Tyrolese are yet in arms, and, as appears even from the German papers, are very formidable and resolute.

September 23.  
SPAIN & PORTUGAL.

Last night government received dispatches from Coruña, dated the 19th inst.

By these despatches it appears that the whole of the Spanish fleet has sailed from Ferrol for Cadiz. Agreeably to instructions from the admiralty, it had previously been fitted out by admiral Berkeley who had also emptied all the arsenals and embarked on board the fleet the whole of the naval stores collected at that great naval depot. This event must tend in a great measure to tranquilize our fears in that quarter.

It also appears that 25,000 Spaniards, who chiefly composed the army formerly under the command of the Marquis de Romaña, are on their march to Cíudad Rodrigo, to which place so much importance is attached, and for the security of which so much anxiety has been expressed. They were on the 30th of August at Almanacid, about 50 miles north of that city, to which it was ascertained to be the intention of the French to lay siege. Lord Wellington was likewise preparing to interrupt that operation, should the garrison hold out until his army was in a state to march to their assistance.

We have also to announce the arrival of a fleet of transports in 11 days from Lisbon, by which several officers have arrived from Lord Wellington's army.

By this conveyance we have received the following particulars respecting Lord Wellington's army—

The army are huddled. Head quarters at Badajos—General Sherbrooke's division extends from Loban to Merida; brigade of German artillery is at Loban; a troop of horse artillery at Merida, and also some cavalry, Gen. Crawford's light brigade of infantry is at Neisa and Portalegra; another division of the army is near Campo Mayor and Albuquerque, the 40th garrison Badajos, and the 27th is at Lisbon; a park of artillery (four brigades) is encamped near Badajos. The convalescent sick are at Elvas—the worst cases have been sent to Lisbon, the light cavalry is at Villa Viciosa and the neighborhood. The army is extremely sickly—about 7000 sick, wounded, &c. The light cavalry is almost dismounted; a remount of horses for the 14th and 16th arrived from England, under Major Archer. That fine regiment the first or Royal Dragoons, commanded by that excellent officer General Slade, landed and marched into Belem (ten days from Cork) 700 strong, in high order. Scarcely a single transport in the Tagus, and only the Barfleur and Semiramis ships of war.

September 26.  
Dispatches were last night received from Lord Wellington, who is at Badajos. They are dated on the 13th, at which time the army was rapidly recovering from sickness. One division is at Montys, another at Real, the third at Campo Mayor, and the fourth at Badajos—the heavy cavalry and horse artillery are at Merida—the light cavalry at Elvas. The enemy had not even ventured to make an attack upon the army, nor even to attempt annoying it in its retreat.

The French divisions were thus distributed: Soult at Placentia—Victor's at Talavera—Mortier's at Oropesa, and Ney's at Salamanca.

AMERICAN CONSULATE,  
LONDON, Sept. 28.  
The following letter from James Simpson, Esq. at Tangier, is published for the information of the masters of American vessels, and others therein concerned, that they may govern themselves accordingly:

Tangier, Aug. 26.  
I take the earliest opportunity of acquainting you, that by a recent order of his Imperial majesty, all vessels approaching any port or battery on his coasts by day, without hoisting their colors, or by night,

not shewing a light in a conspicuous place will be fired upon with ball.

I have the honor to be,  
JAMES SIMPSON,  
W.M. LYMAN, &c. &c. &c. London.

September 23.  
FRANCE & AUSTRIA.

In the Star of Thursday we mentioned that a report had been received by the Atlantic packet, from Gotenburg, that hostile feelings had been renewed between Austria and France. We have now to state that the duke of Brunswick received similar accounts yesterday by an officer from the continent.

According to the statement of the officer alluded to, the armistice was put an end to by the Austrians; the Prussian army, under general Blücher, had marched to cooperate with the Austrian forces, and the king of Prussia had himself set off for Petersburg, to confer with the emperor Alexander.

This news has made a considerable impression on many; but we must confess we are still inclined to scepticism.

On the other hand it is asserted that Paris paper has been received in town, which mentions the actual signing of a treaty of peace between France and Austria, and in consequence the emperor Napoleon had returned to St. Cloud, and was to enter Paris in triumph on a given day, when great rejoicings, &c. were to be ordered to take place. We have not, however, been able to ascertain by whom this paper has been received.

THE ARMY.

Gen. Frazer embarked yesterday at Portsmouth for Gibraltar, where he is appointed second in command.

In Middleburg & Flushing fortifications were raising, and every preparation was making to render the island perfectly secure from any hostile attack.

FRENCH ACCOUNTS.

VIENNA, August 27.

Desertion from the Austrian army is very considerable. Every day 100, 150 or 200 deserters repair to our advanced posts. Discouragement seems to prevail throughout this army.

HALIFAX, (N.S.) Oct. 24.

Sunday arrived his majesty's schooner Thisle, lieut. Proctor, from a cruise; and the American ship Susquehanna, captain Brown from Baltimore bound to Tonnington, detained by the Swifsure in lat. 59, 52° long. 47.

Yesterday his majesty's brig Ferret from a cruise and the ship Suspence, capt. Simonds, from Portsmouth 33 days.

Capt. Simonds, politely favored us with London papers to the 9th ult. Their contents are rather of a distressing nature.

WANTED TO PURCHASE, 8 or 10 likely Young NEGROES, for which CASH will be given. Apply at the Indian Queen Tavern in the course of 3 days.

November 3.

FOR SALE ON BOARD SLOOP ACTIVE,  
Jesse Comstock, master, lying at Har-  
per's Wharf,

A few thousand pounds Goshez Cheese  
Bbls. Prime Beef and Pork  
Firkins Butter  
Onions and Potatoes  
Cider in barrels  
Beef's Tongues in quarter bbls.  
2 half pipes and one barrel Brandy.

November 2.

ORPHAN'S COURT,  
Alexandria County, Sept. Term, 1805.

ORDERED,  
That the Executor of Charles Wadsworth, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for six weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Test.  
ALEXANDER MOORE, Reg.

THIS is to give notice, That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the Orphans Court of said county, letters testamentary on the estate of CHARLES WADSWORTH late of the county aforesaid, merchant, dec'd. all persons having claims against the said deceased, are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of March next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate—and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand this 6th day of September, 1809.

James Patton, Esq.  
September 6.

Printing in all its branches  
neatly executed at this office.

## Alexandria Daily Gazette.

SATURDAY, NOVEMBER 4.

### ARRIVAL OF THE WASP FROM FRANCE.

We tender our acknowledgements to the gentleman, who politely favored us with the following Extract of a letter from N. York, dated Nov. 1, 1809.

"The Wasp sailed from L'Orient the 23d Sept. Lieut. Haswell left Mr. Armstrong at Paris, September 20. There had been no relaxation of the French decrees—Bonaparte was determined to adhere to his exterminating policy—No peace between France and Austria, and it was expected hostilities had recommenced—Mr. Armstrong says he means to return to America in the Spring—The dispatches which went out in the Wasp were not sent to Napoleon—The Enterprise was to sail from Amsterdam the 8th Oct. Mr. Armstrong says America must go to war with France or England. There was a rumor of a rupture between Russia and France."

Extract of a letter from L'Orient, dated 26th September.

"This moment I have been informed that the emperor Napoleon is at Vienna confined with madness—his physicians constantly attending him with ice on the top of his head—This news is communicated by one of the emperors' aids-de-camp to his brother in L'Orient."

War with England.—Nothing but inevitable necessity and self defence can justify a state of war; that state which spreads misery and desolation, and instigates poor short-sighted and short-lived creatures to cut off each other, as fast as they are able, from the earth on which God has placed them. If unfortunately there should be found an inevitable necessity for war with England, we ought willingly to engage in it, but not otherwise. It behoves the people, as well as the government, to act coolly and considerately on a matter of such vast importance. Agreeably to the advice suggested from divine authority, we should "count the cost;" we should coolly consider whether the war be absolutely necessary, and therefore lawful, and also in what manner it would probably effect the public interest. A war with England would unquestionably bring great calamities upon this country. No other nation, nor indeed all other nations leagued together, could at the present time wound us so deeply as England might. She could annoy the whole extent of our sea-coasts, and thus keep the country in a constant state of alarm. She could stop a great part of our interior, as well as the whole of our foreign trade. At the same time we could not annoy her considerably, except by the capture of her American colonies. These could not be conquered without much bloodshed. The conquest of Quebec in particular, if it could be conquered at all, would cost this country many lives.

And what profit could arise from the acquisition of all the British dominions in North America? Most of the inhabitants would continue hostile to us, and could not be kept in subjection unless by large bodies of standing forces; the expence of which would be threefold more than the revenue that could be drawn from that country. Louisiana is a wen upon the back of our nation; and the British colonies in N. America if conquered by it, would be another wen upon its back. Our country is too extensive; and the increase of its territories would but the more weaken and endanger it. Many of those who now wish for war, would find it a more serious business than they expect. After they shall have borne, for a year or two, the burden of direct taxes and other heavy burdens which war would bring upon them, they would sigh for peace; nor would they feel any disposition to abuse an ambassador that should then come over from England to set aside the difference between the two nations.

(Connecticut Courant.)

Wilkinson once more.—The following article is taken from the Columbian Centinel, printed at Augusta, Georgia, by Mr. Sainel Hammond, from whose name, and some allusions in the piece, we presume that he is a son or near connection of col. Sam. Hammond, formerly a member of Congress from Georgia, and afterwards commandant of one of the districts of Louisiana. Gen. Meriwether also, was a representative in Congress.—Freeman's Journal.

To applaud the wicked in their unrighteous career would be criminal; while to pass them without observation would be acting

out of the duty of a faithful *Centinel*. Gen. Wilkinson it appears, has at length become so unpopular with the army, that there has been an attempt to mutiny. This is just what would have been expected. We know this "knight of the golden spur," and know him to be as unrelenting as unjustifiable in his persecutions. We admire the administration of Mr. Madison generally—Yet, while we rejoice that the presidency is filled by such amiable and distinguished statesmen, and have every proper confidence in the honesty of the man, we cannot but regret that he should continue in command an officer so universally abhorred as general Wilkinson. The following may throw additional light on the character of this *arch intriguer*.

Some years past gen. Wilkinson, general Pickens, and of S. C. and gen. Meriwether, of this state, were appointed commissioners to hold a treaty with one of the south western tribes of Indians, probably the Creek, in order to effect the purchase of a certain tract of country held by them. Wilkinson remained at New-Orleans until the time for holding the treaty had nearly elapsed before he set out, and on his way passed thro' Pensacola, where he spent a few days. After he left this place he met in the wilderness two Indians and a white man on their way from the treaty, which was then over, to Pensacola. They informed gen. W. that their tribe had not sold any land in the U. States. He desired them to take a letter to governor Folch, and accordingly wrote one. After Wilkinson left this party, the Indian who had the letter in charge observed, that he was desirous to know the contents of the letter, for that he did not like Wilkinson.—The white man replied that to violate and break the seal of a letter was held by his countrymen to be a crime which their divinity would punish. The Indian, however, averred that he did not believe such an act would be punished by the Great Spirit; and opened the letter, which was read and explained by the white man. This letter was delivered to governor Folch on their arrival at Pensacola; but the white man is stated to have kept a copy of it, or of the principal facts it contained. The general acquainted the Spanish governor, that the American commissioners had been unable to effect the desired purchase of land; rejoiced in the failure; and urged the propriety of his then making an effort to procure it for the Spanish government, as it had long been an object desired. To the copy of this letter or the facts contained therein, the white man soon after deposed, and handed them to a member of congress, who enclosed them to general Dearborn, the then secretary of war. Some time after, the member of congress alluded to, was called to the city of Washington in the discharge of his public duties, when the white man and Indians in question, were also there; he waited on gen. Dearborn and informed him, they were in the city, and that he could then, if desirable, have a personal examination of them on the subject. No such examination was made, and all has continued silent. The facts were related to us by the member of congress who made the communication to the war department. We believe we have given them substantially, if not nearly as expressed. We shall not name our author, but if necessary can do so—He is a firm undeviating republican—no "man worshipper"—We would not that the public infer that this statement has been made to injure gen. Dearborn—Such is not the case. We think him honest; and if we are not very much mistaken, there is not a shade of difference between his opinion of Wilkinson and ours.

We cannot believe Wilkinson is warmed with patriotism; nor can we think him actuated in his conduct by integrity. To do so, (after what has appeared against him) would be a fastidious affectation of confidence, inconsistent with that suspicious fearfulness which characterises a cautious and genuine republican. Who will say, these deductions are made *a priori*.

Scilly Islands.—A proposition of great national importance has been made to government by the immediate order of the prince of Wales, as duke of Cornwall, and submitted to the present board of admiralty. The object of it is to form a harbor in the Scilly Islands, exempt from the defects and dangers to which our ships of war are exposed in the ports of Plymouth, of Torbay, and of Falmouth. It is well known that the Scilly Islands, the "Iula Cossitirides" of antiquity, project like a bulwark, beyond the land's end of Cornwall, in the Atlantic, constituting the advanced guard of England, towards Brest and Ferrol. By his royal highness's order, these islands have been recently surveyed by men of science and indefatigable industry. They have discovered, and reported, that contiguous to the principal island, St. Mary's, a capacious, excellent harbor having three entrances capable of containing in it twelve

ships of the line, as many frigates, and 300 sail of transports, may be made a small expense. One million eight hundred thousand pounds will be fully equal to its completion, and it may be effected within two years and a half. Fleets might sail from thence with any wind, on account of its having three passages or entrances; whereas it is well known, that even independent of the dangerous anchorage at Falmouth, the same wind which permits the enemy's fleet to get out of Brest, chains our ships in that harbor. At St. Mary's, besides, we should be approximated to France and to Spain, as well as to Ireland: circumstances of incalculable moment in the present state of the world, when Brest and Ferrol both actually are and may remain in the same hands! From Ferrol, St. Mary's is not 90 leagues, from Brest only 82, and from Cork scarcely 58. Let any reflecting man weigh these facts, and form his own deductions. Yet has the present board of admiralty coldly received, and in fact rejected, this most important national object. If lord St. Vincent or Mr. Grenville were at the head of that department, it would have been otherwise received and appreciated. But what can be expected from such little and contracted minds as those to which our naval interests are entrusted. They are content to object that lord Howe having in 1792 caused a survey of the Scilly islands to be taken, they want no new information as if in 18 years nature may not have made prodigious changes among those islands, exposed to all the rage of the Atlantic; and as if since 1792 Europe has not become a vast prison-house governed by a Corsican gaoler, of stupendous power and equal talents, who aims at, and means to accomplish our total destruction! This subject merits, and will surely excite universal attention.

(London paper.)

### Legislature of New-Jersey.

#### JOINT-MEETING.

On Friday the 27th ultimo, both houses of the legislature were convened in joint-meeting for the purpose of appointing a governor and sundry clerks of the pleas.

Three candidates for the office of governor had been placed on nomination by the democrats, viz. William S. Pennington, Joseph Bloomfield and William Rossell, Esqrs. and by the federalists, one candidate, Aaron Ogden, Esq.

A caucus, as usual, of the prevailing party was held the night preceding the joint-meeting, to determine who should be governor. We understand that the eastern and western democrats divided as to the person who should succeed the present governor. Neither, it seems wanted him continued, but each party determined not to resign its favorite man. Thus situated it was finally concluded to let the old governor go in once more and give up contention. On the opening of the joint-meeting, an eastern democrat withdrew judge Pennington's name, and a western democrat that of judge Rossell; whereupon Mr. Parker withdrew colonel Ogden's and governor Bloomfield was re-appointed without opposition. But for these plaguey federalists, who are so often in the way, it is pretty clear we should have had a new governor.

(Trenton Federalist.)

196 Reams Writing Paper of Virginia manufacture and superior quality for sale on very low terms by

D. & J. Ross.

Nov. 2. d<sup>st</sup>.

### Five Dollars Reward.

RAN AWAY from the subscriber, living in Alexandria, a negro boy, of a yellowish complexion, called JOE PAIN, about 16 years of age—had on when he went away a pair of home-spun pantaloons, mixed with blue black and white, and generally wore them without suspenders tied round his waist with a string: Likewise, had on a blue cloth roundabout jacket. I think it probable that he may have changed them. He is apt to be impudent when spoken to and speaks very quick. It is supposed he is at present lurking about the navy yard, though he is frequently in Alexandria.

B. Dade.

November 4.

### Mrs. LANPHIER

HAS JUST RECEIVED  
Her FALL FASHIONS,  
WITH A

General assortment of Millinery Goods,

Which will be opened for sale on Monday.

Nov. 4. d<sup>st</sup>.

### FOR SALE,

A handsome, fashionable NEW GIG, with plated mounting on the harness and fall-back top.

James H. Hamilton.

Nov. 4. d<sup>st</sup>.

C. BENNETT,  
Has imported in the GLOBE, Capt. HOWLAND,  
via Baltimore,  
Seine Twine, & Shoe Thread.  
November 4.

eo2w

This Day Landing,  
From schooner Citizen, from Newburyport,  
and for sale by  
Lawrafon and Fewle,  
10 hogsheads and 60 barrels New-England  
Rum.  
5 pipes 4th proof Brandy.

ALSO,  
The CARGO of schooner Ruby, Captain  
Sawyer, from Portland.  
50,000 feet merchantable Lumber.  
30 cords Tanners' Bark.  
50 barrels No. 1 and 2 Beef.  
150 boxes Brown Soap.  
30 kegs Butter.  
10 barrels New England Rum.  
10 do. Tanners' Oil.  
3 casks Spermaceti do.

November 4.

### One Hundred Dollars Reward.

Eloped from the subscriber on the road between Centreville and Middleburg, on the night of the 30th October, Negro JIM, late the property of Mr. Fortney, of Alexandria, about 30 years of age, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high, black and bow-legged, he is an excellent blacksmith by trade.

Also, at the same time eloped Negro PETER, late the property of John Threlkeld, of Geo. Town. Peter is about 25 years of age, black complexion, 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high. I will give Fifty Dollars for apprehending and securing either of said felons so that I get them again; or the above reward for both.

John Franklin.

Nov. 4. st

### The Subscriber

Has received the following articles:  
New Orleans and St. Croix Sugars of the first quality

Mississippi Cotton of the first quality  
Cogniac Brandy, St. Croix Rum, Holland Gin

London Particular Madeira  
Sherry  
Lisbon  
Superior Claret in cases

Imperial,  
Hyson,  
Young Hyson,  
Hyson Skin,  
Souchong, &  
Bohea

Best Green Coffee in bags and barrels  
Gunpowder

P. B. Patent Shot, from B. B. to No. 2  
Mould Shot, B. L. and S. S. G.  
Salt Petre, double refined

Spanish Flotant Indigo  
Copperas of the 1st quality  
Fresh Nutmegs

Pimento and black Pepper,  
Demijohns,

With a general assortment of GROCERIES, and as usual, old Jamaica Spirits, Peach Brandy, and old Port wine in bottles.

The above articles will be sold very low by the wholesale or retail.

TO RENT,  
A convenient and well finished BRICK HOUSE, at the upper end of King street.

James Sanderson.

Nov. 4. d

### FORTY DOLLARS

If apprehended in the state of Virginia; Sixty if in Maryland; One Hundred if in the state of Pennsylvania, and secured in any jail so that we get them again—

Negroes Bob and Jim.

BOB is a likely well made fellow, about 20 or 21 years of age, rather of a tawny complexion, has a number of natural bumps on his face, large white eyes, which when spoken to are apt to shew plain, is about 5 feet 8 or 9 inches high—his clothing when he eloped was an oznabrig shirt and trowsers, dark colored round jacket, and an old lead colored hat—is an artful cunning fellow.

JIM, about 23 years of age, black complexion, thin visage, has on one of his knees a large scar, occasioned by the cut of an axe when young, a down look when spoken to, and large white eyes—his clothing when he eloped was an oznabrig shirt and trowsers, dark colored round jacket, and an old lead colored hat—is an artful cunning fellow.

We will give for apprehending either the above negroes, twenty dollars if taken in Virginia, thirty if taken in Maryland, and fifty if in Pennsylvania, and all reasonable charges if brought home.

Henry Dogan,  
Phileman Chapman,  
Prince William County, near  
Haymarket, Va. Oct. 12. 2awgwt  
N. B. Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harboring or carrying them off at their peril.

**Ladies' Misses' and Children's SHOES.**

HAWKINS & ALDEN,  
Have just received and for sale, at their store  
in Fairfax street:

LADIES' black, red and green Morocco Shoes, with and without heels; ladies' blue, white and straw colored Kid do; black velvet Shoes; do cork and walking Shoes for Ladies, Misses' Morocco and Leather Shoes; Children's Morocco and Jefferson Shoes, all sizes; Gentlemen's fine Shoes and Pumps, Leather and Morocco, and a small invoice of BOOTS; Boys Boots, all sizes.

Likewise a quantity of coarse thick Shoes; All of which will be sold very cheap by the quantity or retail.

October 31. 3aw3w

**PUBLIC SALE.**

TO BE SOLD, at public sale, to the highest bidder, on a credit of nine months, giving bond and approved security for all sums over Ten Dollars—on the 15th of this instant, if fair; if not, the next fair day, at the late dwelling of Mr. William Adams, deceased—

All his Household and Kitchen Furniture, Horses, Cattle, Hogs, & Sheep, Plantation Utensils, Waggon, Cart, Corn, Wheat, and a number of Mill Irons, &c. &c. The sale to begin at 11 o'clock.

Wm. Watters, Ex'r.  
Fairfax, Nov. 1-2. 2aw2w\*

**FALL GOODS,**

RECEIVED BY THE WILLIAM AND JOHN FROM LIVERPOOL,

A general assortment Fall Goods:  
AMONGST WHICH ARE—

Fine and coarse broad & narrow Cloths, well assorted; Coatings, Cassimeres, Fannels, Blankets, Vestings, Hosiery, &c. &c. which will be opened and for sale in a few days.

John Lloyd.  
October 23. 3aw3w

**ORPHAN'S COURT,**  
Alexandria County, October Term, 1809.

ORDERED,  
That the administrator of Jonathan Mandeville, deceased, do insert the following advertisement three times a week for four weeks in the Alexandria Daily Gazette.

Test.  
ALEXANDER MOORE, Reg.

**THIS IS TO GIVE NOTICE,**

That the subscriber of Alexandria county, in the district of Columbia, hath obtained from the orphans' court, of said county, letters of administration on the personal estate of Jonathan Mandeville, late of the county aforesaid, merchant, deceased: all persons having claims against the said deceased are hereby warned to exhibit the same, with the vouchers thereof, to the subscriber, on or before the 6th day of April next, or they may by law be excluded from all benefit to said estate; and those indebted thereto are required to make immediate payment.

Given under my hand, this 6th day of October, 1809.

John Mandeville, Admr.  
October 6. 3aw4w

**Coppersmith & Tin-Plate-Worker.**

THE subscriber continues to make and repair all kinds of COPPER & TIN WARE, and also carries on the BRASS-FOUNDERS' BUSINESS under the direction of William Fletcher, and will execute any work in that line.

FOR SALE,  
15 boxes 10 by 12, and 15 do. 8 by 10 Bohemia Window Glass, of a good quality.

TO LET;  
The House on Fairfax-street, occupied by myself, which is made to accommodate one or two families—I will give a lease on moderate terms. Also, the Brick House on the corner of Prince and Royal-streets, and one Blacksmith's Shop with a set of Tools. For Sale or to Let on a Ground Rent for ever,

63 feet of Ground, fronting on King-street and running back 100 feet to a 10 feet alley; it is situate nearly opposite the diagonal pump in a good part of the town.

The highest price will be given for old Copper, Pewte, Brass and Lead.

George M'Munn.  
Who has for hire a handsome light Coach with a careful driver.

August 30. 3m

**MILITARY LANDS.**

FOR SALE,  
Or will be exchanged for Property in Alexandria or its vicinity,

A Warrant for 696 acres of Land, Granted by the state of Virginia for Military services during the revolutionary war. This land lies in the state of Ohio, and is said to be amongst the best in the state. It will be sold a great bargain. Apply to

John Longden.

May 14.

**FOR SALE,**

The following VALUABLE PROPERTY.

**A TRACT OF LAND,**

CONTAINING 1600 acres, more or less, called and known by the name of Buffaloe Marsh, lying within 13 miles of Winchester, in the county of Frederick, in the state of Virginia. On about 900 acres of this tract there are several very well improved farms tenanted for life or lives, the balance free of all incumbrance, including an excellent mill built with stone, the whole yielding an annual rent of about 800 dollars. Much of this tract is very fertile, well watered, and all abundance of timber. It is generally rolling, but part of it is hilly and stoney, chiefly of lime stone. It will be laid off to suit purchasers.

Another tract, called Hollis's

Marsh, lying in the county of Westmoreland containing about 2800 acres, bordering on the river Potomac, adjoining the Stratford estate, and the late residence of Richard Lee, esq. of Chantilly. On the estate are a number of farms and tenants at will. Part of this land is extremely fertile, and all of it as good as the lands generally are in that part of the country. The Marsh affords excellent range for stock, and is happily situated for fish and fowls of which that river abounds, and must be a desirable estate to any person who may choose to reside in that part of the country.—It will however be laid off to suit purchasers.

The above lands are held by deeds of purchase duly recorded in the general court,

Another tract containing 992 acres, lying in the county of Berkeley, adjoining the residence of Rawleigh Colston, esq. of which about 660 acres is leased for the balance of the life of an aged man, the rest tenanted at will. This land is situate in what is called the big bend of Potomac, and borders on it. In point of fertility it is esteemed inferior to none in that part of the state and is held by deed from James Marshall, esq.

Seven other tracts containing 1000 acres each, adjoining each other in the county of Mason, within a few miles of the Ohio, between the two Kanawha's on the waters of Sandy Creek, which runs through a considerable part of it. It adjoins the lands of general Washington, and the late Benjamin Harrison, jun. esq. A large portion of it is rich bottom and the upland of very good quality. It is held under the original patentee by deeds duly recorded in the general court.

Five full & complete Shares in the Dismal Swamp Company.

Upwards of 16,000 acres of Lands, being very old military rights, lying in the states of Ohio, Kentucky and the Indiana territory, chiefly patented in my own name and ready to be shewn.

A more particular description of the foregoing property may be seen by applying to Mr. Thomas Taylor, of Richmond, who is authorized to make contracts, or to myself in Alexandria. The titles are all undoubted, and the terms proposed are, one fourth in cash at the time of conveyance, the balance in three instalments, the last two to be on interest from the date. Any species of the public stock and of the different Banks in the United States of Insurance Companies—or the Potomac Bridge and Turnpike Companies will be received in payment according to their fair value. Ground rents in the city of Richmond and town of Alexandria, or Houses and Lots, will likewise be received in payment according to such rates as may be agreed upon.

John Hopkins.

July 27. 2aw6m

**Fifteen Dollars Reward,**

RAN AWAY from the subscriber living near Piscataway, in Prince George's county, Maryland, on the first of October, a negro man named CHARLES, calls himself Charles Loggins, and frequently goes by the name of Charles Jones: about five feet nine inches high, a very handsome stout black fellow—he is a tolerable good coarse shoemaker, and an excellent ditcher—had on a blue (sailor's) jacket and trowsers much worn, and an old high crowned hat—he was formerly the property of Edward Jones who kept Mrs. Rozier's ferry—he is about forty two years of age, but from his appearance would be taken for not more than thirty two. The above reward will be paid for apprehending said runaway and confining him so that I get him again, and all reasonable charges it brought home.

John Kadle.

October 24. 2aw

Masters of vessels and others are cautioned against harboring or carrying off said fellow at their peril.

**TO RENT,**

The STORE and WAREHOUSE lately occupied by Messrs. Libby and Curne, at the corner of Fairfax and Prince streets. Also, one of the adjoining Stores and Warehouses in the same brick building. Possession can be had immediately and the rents will be made unusually low.

J. H. Hooe.

October 19. cof

**Joseph H. Mandeville,**

Corner of King and Union-streets,

**HAS FOR SALE,**

2000 bushels coarse and fine Salt, by the bushel and in sacks.

50 barrels Whiskey.

1000 wt. Rhode Island Cheese.

Goshen do. in sacks.

5000 wt. best green Coffee, in bags.

1000 do. white do.

French Brandy.

Jamaica, Antigua, Windward Island, and New England Rum.

Imperial, Hyson, Young Hyson, and Hyson Skin Teas, of the latest importations.

Sugar, best Muscovado, in hogsheads and barrels

Do inferior qualities, in do.

Molasses, in hogsheads.

Clover Seed, warranted fresh.

Cotton, in bales and by retail.

Candles, mould and dipped.

Loaf and Lump Sugar.

Spanish Cigars, Hamilton's and Garret's Snuff, in bottles, Writing and Wrapping Paper, Pepper, Allspice, Chewing Tobacco, Madde., Copperas, Soal Leather, Bed Cords, Leading Lines, &c. &c.

ALSO,

Best Superfine Flour, for private families,

a few barrels Corn, and some Seed Oats, Plaster of Paris, &c.

April 17. d

Joseph Mandeville,

Corner of KING and FAIRFAX STREETS.

**HAS ON HAND**

60 qr. chests TEAS consisting of

Gunpowder

Imperial Of late importation,

Hyson good qualities, and

Young Hyson will be sold at low prices.

AND

Hyson Skin

7000 lb Green and St. Domingo Coffee

20 hds. 1st & 2d qual.

25 boxes MUSCOVADO SUGARS

50 barrels 15 hds. retailing Molasses.

30 barrels New England Rum.

10 puncheons St. Croix Rum.

5 pipes Cognac and Bordeaux Brandy

3 pipes Holland Gin

5 pipes Old London Particular Madeira

25 cases Old Medoc Claret and Vin de

Grave

100 boxes and half boxes first quality

Havannah Cigars

100 reams Writing Paper

40 casks Gunpowder

1-2 ton assorted Patent Shot

Which, with his usual general assortment

of Wines, Liquors and Groceries, he will

sell on very moderate terms for cash, pro-

duce, or on liberal credits to punctual cus-

tomers.

October 30.

**BANK OF POTOMAC,**

October 14, 1809.

NOTICE IS HEREBY GIVEN, to the Stockholders in the Bank of Potomac, that an election for twelve Directors for the ensuing year, will be held at the court-house, in the town of Alexandria, on MONDAY, the 13th day of November next.

By order of the President and Directors,

Charles Page, Cashier.

2aw13thNov

**TO RENT,**

A convenient and comfortable two story FRAME HOUSE, situated in a healthy and agreeable part of the town.

Enquire of the Printer.

November 1. Staw2w

**N O T I C E :**

THAT the annual meeting of the Stockholders in the Little River Turnpike Company, will be held on the first Monday in December next, at the City Hotel, in Alexandria: at which time and place an election will take place for a President, four Directors, and a Treasurer. A statement of the company's funds together with a report of the proceedings, expenditures and progress of the work will be laid before the meeting. A proposition for equalizing the interest of the old and new Stockholders, will be taken up and decided upon.

Jonah Thompson,

Treasurer L. R. T. C.

October 31. Staw1stMyDec

**N O T I C E .**

UPWARDS of 200 shares having been subscribed in the stock of the Leesburg Turnpike Company, the subscribers are requested to meet in person, or by proxy, at the house of NICHOLAS PEERS, in the town of Leesburg, at 11 o'clock, A.M. on THURSDAY, the 30th day of November next, in order to choose PRESIDENT and FOUR DIRECTORS, and such other officers as they may deem necessary to conduct the affairs of the company for the ensuing year.

Wilson C. Selden,

John Littlejohn,

James More,

William Noland,

Leesburg, Oct. 17-24. 2aw8thNov

**Scheme of a Lottery,**  
For founding a COLLEGE in Baltimore.

2 prizes o	20,000	40,000



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